



ROAD TO EMMAUS

The Harmony of the Old and New Testament PSALMS - PART C Psalms 95-150

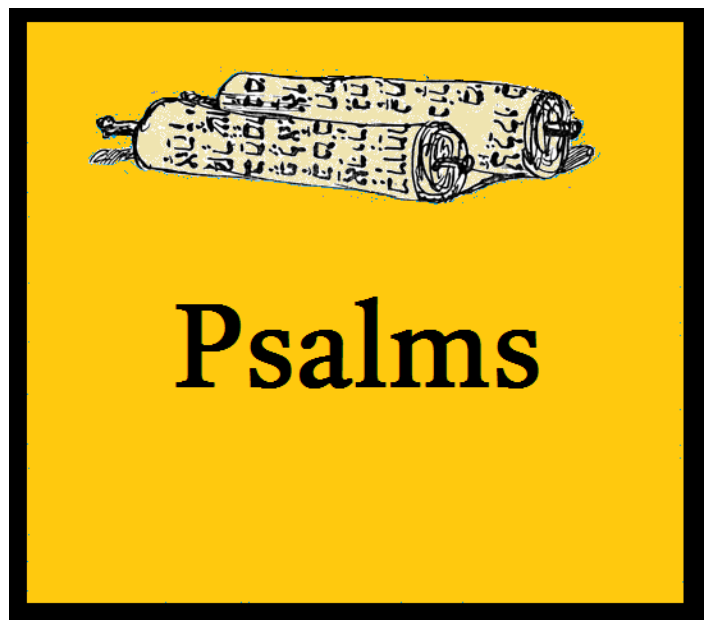
"And I will walk at liberty, for I seek Your precepts." -- Psalm 119:45

Introduction to Psalms:

Psalms is quoted more than any other single book in the Old Testament – 90 times. In addition there are a large number of allusions to it as well. For logistical convenience this course is split into 3 parts of 10 lessons each. This is the third part.

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- Lesson 30 - Conclusion (Psalm 139)



Suggested methodology for each lesson:

1. Fellowship (Save most of this for the end of class)
2. Take prayer requests (Try to keep it from becoming a competition to see who has the most or the worst)
3. Pray (The idea is to leave our troubles with God so we can give Him our full attention.)
4. Read the lesson's scripture aloud from the Bible (or a few verses at a time as you answer the questions.)
5. Answer and *briefly* discuss the "fill in the blank" questions. (Let those who prefer to listen, listen. My answers on the next page are just one opinion; you may have a better answer if it is Scripture based.)
6. On the final "Think & Pray" question everyone should take a few minutes to pray over it and jot down their own thoughts before the discussion. **This will give the Holy Spirit a time to speak.**
7. Discuss your Think & Pray answers. (Never force anyone to share theirs. As with the other questions, my answer is just one more opinion; you may have a better answer.)
8. Close in prayer (It is good to call on others to pray, but try to get their permission first.)
9. Fellowship (Leave this as open ended as possible for the time and place you meet.)

Depending on the number of people, each lesson is expected to take about one hour. Steps 4 thru 7 are about half of that. If you take longer, let each lesson take more than one meeting. If you take less time, extra questions are usually provided for discussion called "For Further Thought"

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Lesson 21 – Trust (Psalm 95)

Please read these scriptures and answer the associated questions:

[21A] Psalm 95:1 | Eph 5:19 Is this a call to worship? _____

[21B] Psalm 95:2-5 | James 5:13 Where can we find God? _____

[21C] Psalm 95:6 | Phil 2:10 Who will kneel before the Lord? _____

[21D] Psalm 95:7-8 | Heb 4:7 What must we do to hear God? _____

[21E] Psalm 95:9 | 1 Cor 10:9 Should we test the limits of God's patience? _____

[21F] Psalm 95:10 | Acts 13:18 How patient was God with Moses generation? _____

[21G] Psalm 95:11 | Heb 4:3-5 What did they lose by testing His patience? _____

[21H] Hebrews 3:7-11 & 15 as well as Hebrews 4:3 & 5 are quotes from Psalm 95:7-11. What point is the writer of Hebrews making from the Psalm 95?

Think & Pray _____

WORSHIP - is when we glorify
God for who He is and acknowledge what
He has done for us.

WHINNING - is ignoring who
God is and forgetting what he has done for us.

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kyle idleman

----- ANSWERS -----

Lesson 21 – Trust (Psalm 95)

- [21A] Ps 95:1 | Eph 5:19 Is this a call to worship? Yes (Do you answer this call?)
- [21B] Ps 95:2-5 | James 5:13 Where can we find God? From the depths to the peaks, in sadness and joy
- [21C] Ps 95:6 | Phil 2:10 Who will kneel before the Lord? Everyone
- [21D] Ps 95:7-8 | Heb 4:7 What must we do to hear God? Avoid hardening our hearts
- [21E] Ps 95:9 | 1 Cor 10:9 Should we test the limits of God's patience? No. Very risky
- [21F] Ps 95:10 | Acts 13:18 How patient was God with Moses generation? He tolerated them 40 years
- [21G] Ps 95:11 | Heb 4:3-5 What did they lose by testing His patience? Entering His rest

[21H] The writer of Hebrews is exhorting and encouraging us to live with confidence and trust in our Savior and Lord, Jesus Christ, the High Priest of the New Covenant of Grace. The point he is making is that if we trust Him, really trust Him, we will do as He says, we will obey Him. He goes on to say in Hebrews 4:14-16 that our success in keeping our hearts soft, our obedience immediate, and entering into His final rest, is not dependent on us, but on Him, Who is faithful and able.

Notes from class discussion:

For further thought:

- (21i) Ps 95:1 | Eph 5:19 Does this describe your worship? Why or why not?
- (21j) Ps 95:2-5 | James 5:13 Do you trust God when things are going badly? Do you remember Him when things are going well? Could these two responses to God be related? Why?
- (21k) Ps 95:6 | Phil 2:10 All will eventually kneel before the Lord? Why do so many put it off?
- (21l) Ps 95:7-8 | Heb 4:7 What do you do to help keep your heart from becoming hard?
- (21m) Ps 95:9 | 1 Cor 10:9 Do you ever take advantage of the patience and forgiveness of God? How about taking advantage of the forgiveness and patience of other people?
- (21n) Ps 95:10 | Acts 13:18 How long has God been patient with you? How much longer will He wait?
- (21o) What poetical passages or literary devices do you find in Ps 95?
- (21p) If someone asked you what Ps 95 was about what would you tell them?
- (21q) What did you learn about Ps 95 that you would like to remember?
- (21r) What verse or passage from Ps 95 would be best to memorize? Why?

Road to Emmaus - The Harmony of the Old and New Testament – Psalms
Lesson 22 – Prayers III (Psalm 102; Matthew 26:36-46; Psalms 95-150)

Please read Psalm 102 and answer the questions below:

[22A] Who is praying? _____

[22B] Who besides God is listening? _____

[22C] What is being requested? _____

[22D] Who is/are the people who are expected to receive what is being requested?

[22E] How does the person praying try to convince God to answer?

[22F] What results, if any, are reported to the prayer? _____

[22G] Compare this prayer with the ones in Matthew 26:36-46. What is the same? What is different?

[22H] How can we apply these prayers to our own prayer life?

Think & Pray _____



----- ANSWERS -----

Lesson 22 – Prayers III (Psalm 102; Matthew 26:36-46; Psalms 95-150)

[22A] *Who is praying?*

It just calls him "the afflicted."

[22B] *Who besides God is listening?*

No one

[22C-D] *What is specifically being requested?*

Deliverance from affliction.

[22E] *How does the person praying try to convince God to answer?*

He begs to be heard (vs. 1-2), he complains how bad he has it (vs. 3-9, 11), he blames God for his troubles (vs. 10, 23), he praises God and expresses confidence in His goodness (vs. 12-16, 25-27), he suggests it will be good for God's reputation to give a positive response (vs. 17-22), he asks for a longer life which assumes he is about to die (vs. 24), he implies God has promised to treat him well because he is one of His servants (vs. 28)

[22F] *What results, if any, are reported to the prayer in Psalm 102?*

No results are reported. We don't know God's answer, but Ps 107 could be taken as a praise of God for answering the prayer by deliverance from the troubles. (Ps 116 also)

[22G] *How is this prayer similar to, or different from, the prayers of Jesus in Matthew 26:36-46.*

They are asking for the same thing, but the Psalmist tries to manipulate and cajole God in every possible way to save him, while Jesus simply submits to the will of the Father.

[22H] *How can we apply this to our own prayer life?*

Just because there are differences with Jesus' prayer, I don't see Psalm 102 as a bad example of prayer. I see it as an honest utterance of need while still finding a way to praise God in the midst of affliction. I do think we need to be mindful that regardless of how things seem to us or how we feel, God's will must prevail. I think I hear that sentiment echoed in the Psalmist words in verse 27, albeit not as clearly as the words of Jesus.

Notes from class discussion:

For further thought:

(22i) Look at these passages and determine if they are an example of prayer or a teaching about prayer. Use questions like the ones in this lesson to analyze these passages. Who was praying for what and how did they go about it? What can be learned about prayer from each passage?

Psalm 96 -- Prayer as Praise for God's Greatness

Psalm 103 -- Prayer for Escape from Trials

Psalm 105 -- Prayer for Escape from Trials

Psalm 106 -- Prayer of Remembrance

Psalm 107 -- Prayer for Those in Perils on Sea

Psalm 119 -- Prayer and Affinity to Scripture

Psalm 139 -- Prayer for Searching of Heart

(22j) What other prayers can you find in Psalms 95 through 150 and what can we learn from them?

Lesson 23 – Psalm 107 God is Good

Please read these scriptures and answer the associated questions:

[23A] Ps 107:1 | Col 3:16-17 What can we give to the Lord? _____

[23B] Ps 107:2-3 | 2 Corinthians 10:17 What can we brag about? _____

[23C] Ps 107:4-9 | John 4:7-14 Who satisfies our thirst? _____

[23D] Ps 107:10-16 | Acts 12:7 Who set Peter free? _____

[23E] Ps 107:17-22 | Matt 8:8 How close did Jesus have to be for his words to have power? _____

[23F] Ps 107:23-32 | Luke 8:24 Who caused the storm to be still? _____

[23G] Ps 107:33-38 | John 6:7-13 Who is fed in the wilderness? _____

[23H] Ps 107:39-43 | Rom 3:19 Who is accountable to God? _____

[23I] Ps 107:2 What is your favorite story from your life that you use to brag about God?

Think & Pray _____

GIFT OF JESUS

A Joyful 'toon by Mike Waters



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Let them give thanks to the LORD for his unfailing love and his wonderful deeds for men, for he satisfies the thirsty and fills the hungry with good things.

- PSALM 107: 8,9 NIV

Lesson 23 – Psalm 107 God is Good

- [23A] Ps 107:1 | Col 3:16-17 What can we give to the Lord? Our thanks
- [23B] Ps 107:2-3 | 2 Corinthians 10:17 What can we brag about? God's salvation
- [23C] Ps 107:4-9 | John 4:7-14 Who satisfies our thirst? God
- [23D] Ps 107:10-16 | Acts 12:7 Who set Peter free? An angel of the Lord
- [23E] Ps 107:17-22 | Matt 8:8 How close did Jesus have to be? Did not matter
- [23F] Ps 107:23-32 | Luke 8:24 Who caused the storm to be still? The Lord
- [23G] Ps 107:33-38 | John 6:7-13 Who is fed in the wilderness? The hungry
- [23H] Ps 107:39-43 | Rom 3:19 Who is accountable to God? Everyone
- [23I] Ps 107:2 They discovered a shadow in my lung when they were scanning me for a gall bladder problem. It was small and they weren't worried about it. A few months later my doctor checked on it again as a matter of routine. It had grown in size so he was concerned. I was, too, especially considering all the years I had been a heavy smoker. My doctor ordered a more detailed picture so they could see what kind of tumor it could be. It took a couple of weeks to get that set up during which time we prayed earnestly. The better picture showed only old scar tissue where once there had been something growing. God healed me. Praise God.

Notes from class discussion:

For further thought:

- (23j) Ps 107:1 | Col 3:16-17 Which of your many blessings make you the most grateful?
- (23k) Ps 107:2-3 | 2 Corinthians 10:17 How often do you brag about God.
- (23L) Ps 107:4-9 | John 4:7-14 Can you think of a time when the Lord satisfied your longing?
- (23m) Ps 107:10-16 | Acts 12:7 What has the Lord set you free from?
- (23n) Ps 107:17-22 | Matt 8:8 Do you invite the Lord to speak into your life through the Bible?
- (23o) Ps 107:23-32 | Luke 8:24 What storms in your life has the Lord calmed?
- (23p) Ps 107:33-38 | John 6:7-13 In what kind of wilderness has God sustained you?
- (23q) Ps 107:39-43 | Rom 3:19 Are you ready to give an account of yourself to God?
- (23r) What poetical passages or literary devices do you find in Psalm 107?
- (23s) If someone asked you what Psalm 107 was about what would you tell them?
- (23t) What did you learn about Psalm 107 that you would like to remember?
- (23u) What verse or passage from Psalm 107 would be best to memorize? Why?

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Lesson 24 –Limitless Power (Psalm 110)

Please read these scriptures and answer the associated questions:

[24A] Ps 110:1 | Matt 26:64 Relative to God the Father where is Jesus? _____

[24B] Ps 110:2-3 | Ephesians 1:21 How far does the authority of Jesus extend? _____

[24C] Ps 110:4 | Heb 5:6-10, 6:20, 7:17-21 How long will Jesus be high priest? _____

[24D] Ps 110:5-7 | Rom 2:5 | Rev 6:17 What is sure to come? _____

[24E] Psalm 110:1 is quoted five times in the New Testament – Matthew 22:44, Mark 12:36, Luke 20:42-43; Acts 2:34-35, Hebrews 1:13 and alluded to several more times, perhaps most clearly in Ephesians 1:20-22. Was Ps 110:1 interpreted and applied the same way in each case? What does this teach us about how to read and understand God's word?

Think & Pray _____



Lesson 24 –Limitless Power (Psalm 110)

- [24A] Ps 110:1 | Matt 26:64 Relative to God the Father where is Jesus? On the right
(See also Col 3:1, Heb 1:3, 8:1, 10:12, 12:2)
- [24B] Ps 110:2-3 | Ephesians 1:21 How far does the authority of Jesus extend? It has no limit
(See also Matt 28:17)
- [24C] Ps 110:4 | Heb 5:6-10, 6:20, 7:17-21 How long will Jesus be high priest? Forever
- [24D] Ps 110:5-7 | Rom 2:5 | Rev 6:17 What is sure to come? The day of God's wrath

[24E] In Matthew 22:43-45 Jesus asks the Pharisees a difficult question that they could not answer. (Mark 12:36 and Luke 20:42-43 are the same story.) The basis for the question is that this scripture from Psalm 110 was widely understood to be a Messianic Psalm. It was also well understood that the Messiah would be a descendant of David. They also took it as known fact that descendants were subservient to ancestors. In their system of right conduct there was no way a grandfather would call a grandson "Lord." Logically one of the things they believed had to be false, descendants can be superior to ancestors. But that didn't stop them. They just went on believing both contradictory ideas. Do you believe any lies?

In Peter's sermon in Acts 2 he quotes the Ps 110:1 in Acts 2:34-35 as a prophecy of the ascension of Jesus Christ into heaven.

The writer of Hebrews quotes Ps 110:1 in Heb 1:13 to make the point that Jesus Christ is greater than angels.

Ephesians 1:20-22 is making the point that Christ has authority, dominion and power over everything.

Clearly Ps 110:1 is being applied in several different ways, but none of them are inconsistent with the meaning of the original verse. I believe this shows us that the same truth from God's word can have different implications in different circumstances and context. Things change, God doesn't.

Notes from class discussion:

For further thought:

- (24f) Many of the Jews of Jesus' day were believing contradictory things. (See discussion of Matthew 22:43-45 in question 24E above) What logical inconsistencies are there in your beliefs? We know from our latter day perspective that Jesus is Lord, but they could not accept that it was possible. Is Jesus your Lord?
- (24g) Ps 110:1, 5-6 | 1 Corinthians 15:25 Given their doom how should we treat the lost?
- (24h) What poetical passages or literary devices do you find in Psalm 110?
- (24i) If someone asked you what Psalm 110 was about what would you tell them?
- (24j) What did you learn about Psalm 110 that you would like to remember?
- (24k) What verse or passage from Psalm 110 would be best to memorize? Why?

Read these two promises from the Bible and compare them by answering the questions below:

Psalm 115:13

[25A1] Who is speaking to whom?

[25B1] What is promised to whom?

[25C1] What are the conditions of the promise being fulfilled, if any?

Revelation 11:18

[25A2] Who is speaking to whom?

[25B2] What is promised to whom?

[25C2] What are the conditions of the promise being fulfilled, if any?

[25D] Do these promises apply to us? Why or why not?

Think & Pray _____



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But their idols are silver and gold,
made by human hands.
They have mouths, but cannot speak,
eyes, but cannot see.
They have ears, but cannot hear,
noses, but cannot smell.
They have hands, but cannot feel,
feet, but cannot walk,
nor can they utter a sound with their throats.
Those who make them will be like them,
and so will all who trust in them.

Psalm 115

----- ANSWERS -----

Lesson 25 – Promises III (Psalm 115:13, Revelations 11:18, Psalm 95-150)

Psalm 115:13

[25A1] *Who is speaking to whom?*

The Psalmist is speaking to his readers

[25B1] *What is promised to whom?*

God's blessings are promised to those who fear the Lord without regard to status

[25C1] *What are the conditions of the promise being fulfilled, if any?*

Fearing and trusting God (vs. 11), not worshipping idols (vs. 1-8)

Revelations 11:18

[25A2] *Who is speaking to whom?*

The 24 elders are speaking to God

[25B2] *What is promised to whom?*

The time of reward to His servants, prophets, saints and those who fear His name

[25C2] *What are the conditions of the promise being fulfilled, if any?*

Fearing the Lord

[25D] *Do these promises apply to us? Why or why not?*

God's blessings on those who follow Him is an often repeated theme in the scriptures. I think we can say with confidence that these promises apply to all who follow Him in every time and place.

Notes from class discussion:

For further thought:

(25e) Revelations 11:18 lists four categories of people – servants, prophets, saints and those who fear the Lord. What is the difference between them? Which group are you in?

(25f) Analyze these passages in Psalms answering these questions: Is it a promise, and if so who is promising what to whom under what conditions? Does the promise, if any, apply to us? How does the associated reference in the New Testament help us better understand the promise in Psalms?

Ps 103:2-12; 2 Peter 1:2-4 & 1 John 1:9 God will forgive us

Ps 118:6-7

Ps 121:8

Ps 130:7-8

Ps 139:9-12 & John 16:13 God will guide us

Ps 145:17-20

Ps 147:3 & Rev 7:17 God will comfort us

(25g) What other promises can you find in Psalms 95-150?

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Lesson 26 – Psalms in Acts

Please read these scriptures and answer the associated questions:

[26A] Acts 13:14 Who is the audience for what Paul is saying? _____

[26B] Ps 2:7 | Acts 13:33 Who is the begotten Son? _____

[26C] Ps 16:10 | Acts 13:34-35 Who was raised from the dead? _____

[26D] Ps 146:6 | Acts 14:11-18 What are they trying to prevent by citing this Psalm? _____

[26E] Ps 51:10 | Acts 15:7-9 How were the hearts of the gentiles cleansed? _____

[26F] Ps 16:8 | Acts 2:25 How often was David in God's presence? _____

[26G] Ps 16:9 | Acts 2:26 How did being in God's presence make his heart feel? _____

[26H] Ps 16:10 | Acts 2:27 What would he not allow His Holy One to do? _____

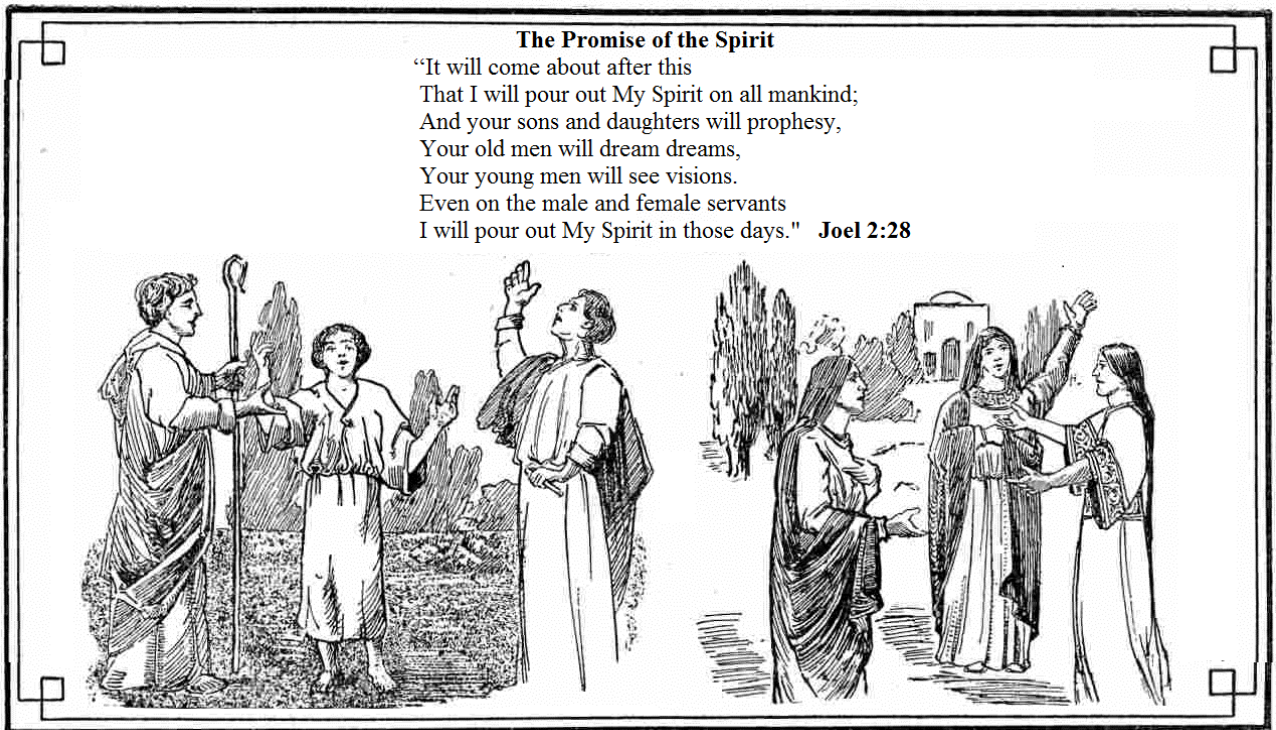
[26I] Ps 16:11 | Acts 2:28 What is he full of? _____

[26J] Ps 89:3-4 | Ps 132:11-12 | Acts 2:30 What did God promise David? _____

[26K] Ps 110:1 | Acts 2:34 Where are the enemies placed? _____

[26L] In his sermon in Acts 2:14-36 Peter quotes extensively from the Old Testament -- Joel 2:28-32; Psalm 16:8-11; Psalm 89:3-4; Psalm 132:11-12; and Psalm 110:1. Fully half his sermon is quotes from the Old Testament. About 3,000 people responded with repentance followed by baptism. What do you suppose made this sermon so effective?

Think & Pray _____



Lesson 26 – Psalms in Acts

- [26A] Acts 13:14 Who is the audience for what Paul is saying? Jews in the synagogue in Pisidian Antioch
- [26B] Ps 2:7 | Acts 13:33 Who is the begotten Son? Jesus Christ
- [26C] Ps 16:10 | Acts 13:34-35 Who was raised from the dead? Jesus Christ
- [26D] Ps 146:6 | Acts 14:11-18 What are they trying to prevent by citing this Psalm? Being worshipped
- [26E] Ps 51:10 | Acts 15:7-9 How were the hearts of the gentiles cleansed? By faith
- [26F] Ps 16:8 | Acts 2:25 How often was David in God's presence? Always, continually
- [26G] Ps 16:9 | Acts 2:26 How did being in God's presence make his heart feel? Glad
- [26H] Ps 16:10 | Acts 2:27 What would he not allow His Holy One to do? Undergo decay, rot
- [26I] Ps 16:11 | Acts 2:28 What is he full of? Gladness or joy
- [26J] Ps 89:3-4 | Ps 132:11-12 | Acts 2:30 What did God promise David? His descendant on the throne
- [26K] Ps 110:1 | Acts 2:34 Where are the enemies placed? Under his feet
- [26L] I think it was effective because he used scriptures his audience believe were authoritative, the people were witnesses to the tongues of fire, and because it was short and to the point. Summary of Peter's Sermon: (v 14-15) We are not drunk. (v 16-21) These various tongues that you hear are a fulfillment of prophecy in Joel. (v 21) Everyone who calls on the name of the Lord will be saved. (v 22-29) Jesus was crucified but it was impossible to stay dead because David prophesied the grave could not hold him. (v 30-31) This demonstrates Jesus Christ is King of the Jews. (v 32-33) Jesus is with the Father in Heaven and has poured out the Holy Spirit on us. (v 34-35) God has, as he said by David, put everything in subjection to Jesus Christ. (v 36) Jesus is not only King, but both Lord and Messiah.

Notes from class discussion:

For further thought:

- (26m) Peter quotes Ps 69:15 and Ps 109:8 in Acts 1:20 to justify selecting a replacement for Judas. Seems to me God chose Paul to replace Judas and the pre-Pentecost Peter was overstepping his bounds. What do you think, and why?
- (26n) Ps 73:21 | Acts 2:37 What made you repent and come to Jesus? What pierced your heart?
- (26o) Ps 31:5 | Acts 7:59 Do you think Stephen meant to refer to this Psalm when he was dying?
- (26p) Ps 107:14 | Acts 12:7 Is this a fulfilled prophecy or just a juxtaposition of similar concepts? Why?
- (26q) Ps 146:6 | Acts 14:11-18 How do you feel about whoever led you to Jesus Christ?
- (26r) Ps 51:10 | Acts 15:7-9 Has God cleansed your heart?
- (26s) Ps 40:10 | Acts 20:20 & 27 How bold are you in declaring the gospel of Jesus Christ?
- (26t) Ps 16:9 & 11 | Acts 2:26 & 28 How do you feel in God's presence?
- (26u) What verse or passage from this lesson would be best to memorize? Why?

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Lesson 27 – Cornerstone (Psalm 118)

Please read these scriptures and answer the associated questions:

[27A] Ps 118:1-4 | 1 Chronicles 16:34 How long does the lovingkindness of the Lord last? _____

[27B] Ps 118:5-9 | Hebrews 13:6 If God is on our side, who do we have to fear? _____

[27C] Ps 118:10-14 | Exodus 15:2 | Isaiah 12:2 What 3 things is the Lord? _____

[27D] Ps 118:15-16 | Luke 1:51 What does God do with his right arm? _____

[27E] Ps 118:17-18 | 1 Corinthians 11:32 Why does the Lord discipline us? _____

[27F] Ps 118:19-21 | Revelation 22:14 Who enters? _____

[27G] Ps 118:22-23 | Mark 12:10-11 What happened to the rejected stone? _____

[27H] Ps 118:24 | Philippians 4:4 What are we to do? _____ !

[27I] Ps 118:25 | What is being requested? _____

[27J] Ps 118:26 | John 12:13 Who were they greeting with this quote from Psalms? _____

[27K] Ps 118:27-29 | Jeremiah 33:11 How long does the lovingkindness of the Lord last? _____

[27L] Psalm 118:22-23 is quoted five times in the New Testament – Matt 21:42; Mark 12:10-11; Luke 20:17; Acts 4:11; and 1 Pet 2:7 and alluded to several more times, perhaps most clearly in Ephesians 2:20. Was Ps 118:22-23 interpreted and applied the same way in each case? What does this teach us about how to read and understand God's word?

Think & Pray _____



Lesson 27 – Cornerstone (Psalm 118)

[27A] Ps 118:1-4 | 1 Chronicles 16:34 How long does the lovingkindness of the Lord last? Forever

[27B] Ps 118:5-9 | Hebrews 13:6 If God is on our side, who do we have to fear? No one

[27C] Ps 118:10-14 | Exodus 15:2 | Isaiah 12:2 What 3 things is the Lord? Strength, song & salvation

[27D] Ps 118:15-16 | Luke 1:51 What does God do with his right arm? Whatever He wants

[27E] Ps 118:17-18 | 1 Corinthians 11:32 Why does the Lord discipline us? To save us

[27F] Ps 118:19-21 | Revelation 22:14 Who enters? The righteous

[27G] Ps 118:22-23 | Mark 12:10-11 What happened to the rejected stone? It became the corner stone

[27H] Ps 118:24 | Philippians 4:4 What are we to do? Rejoice!

[27I] Ps 118:25 | What is being requested? Prosperity

[27J] Ps 118:26 | John 12:13 Who were they greeting with this quote from Psalms? Jesus Christ

[27K] Ps 118:27-29 | Jeremiah 33:11 How long does the lovingkindness of the Lord last? Forever

[27L] Matt 21:42; Mark 12:10-11 and Luke 20:17 are all the same story. At the close of the parable of the vineyard workers, Jesus is admonishing the chief priest and elders that their rejection of Him will end in disaster for them. They will lose their position and be scattered because they did not accept Him.

In Acts 4:11 Peter, "filled with the Holy Spirit," reminds these same people of their coming doom because of their rejection of Jesus Christ, the chief cornerstone. They do not repent.

1 Pet 2:7-8 also says that Jesus Christ is the cornerstone, and alludes to the doom of those who reject Him.

Ephesians 2:20 also says that Jesus Christ is the cornerstone, but focuses instead on the positive outcome of those who do accept Him as Lord and Savior.

Ps 118:22-23 is being applied in very similar ways in all these passages. Are you standing on the Rock of Salvation? How do you know?

Notes from class discussion:

For further thought:

(27m) Ps 118:1-4, 27-29 | Like many Hebrew poems this begins and ends with the same thought. So?

(27n) Ps 118:5-9 | John 14:27 Is God on your side? What makes you afraid? Why?

(27o) Ps 118:10-14 | Exodus 15:2 | Isaiah 12:2 Is this speaking to the Trinitarian nature of God? Why?

(27p) Ps 118:15-16 | Luke 1:51 Why do we need to be reminded of God's omnipotence?

(27q) Ps 118:17-18; 1 Corinthians 11:32; 2 Corinthians 6:9 How much Godly discipline have you had?

(27r) Ps 118:19-21 | Revelation 22:14 Are you going to enter? How do you know?

(27s) Ps 118:24 | Philippians 4:4 How often and how much do you rejoice? Why?

(27t) Ps 118:25-26 | John 12:13 Could the enthusiasm for greeting Him have had something to do with expectations that Ps 118:25 was about to be answered positively? So what?

(27u) What poetical passages or literary devices do you find in Psalm 118?

(27v) If someone asked you what Psalm 118 was about what would you tell them?

(27w) What did you learn about Psalm 118 that you would like to remember?

(27x) What verse or passage from Psalm 118 would be best to memorize? Why?

Lesson 28 – Psalms in Revelations

Please read these scriptures and answer the associated questions:

[28A] Rev 1:5 | Ps 51:2 Who cleanses us of our sin? _____

[28B] Rev 3:5 | Ps 69:28 Who will not have their name erased? _____

[28C] Rev 6:17 | Ps 110:5-7 What is sure to come? _____

[28D] Rev 7:17 | Ps 23:1 Who is the Shepherd? _____

[28E] Rev 11:18 | Ps 115:13 Reward are promised to both the small and the? _____

[28F] Rev 13:8 | Ps 69:28 Who will worship Him? _____

[28G] Rev 17:8 | Ps 69:28 Who will wonder at the beast? _____

[28H] Rev 19:15 | Rev 12:5 | Rev 2:25-28 | Ps 2:7-9 He will rule with a rod of what? _____

[28I] Rev 20:12-15 | Ps 69:28 What happens to people whose name is not in the book of life? _____

[28J] Rev 20:25-27 | Ps 69:28 Who will enter heaven's gate? _____

[28K] Rev 22:1 & 17 | Ps 78:16 & 20 What is the source of living water? _____

[28L] Rev 22:14 | Ps 118:19-21 Who enters? _____

[28M] Ps 121:6 | Ps 23:2 | Rev 7:16 -17 What are you looking forward to most in heaven? Why?

Think & Pray _____



Lesson 28 – Revelations in Psalms

- [28A] Rev 1:5 | Ps 51:2 Who cleanses us of our sin? Jesus Christ, by His blood (Lesson 15)
- [28B] Rev 3:5 | Ps 69:28 Who will not have their name erased? Those who overcome (Lesson 17)
- [28C] Rev 6:17 | Ps 110:5-7 What is sure to come? The day of God's wrath (Lesson 24)
- [28D] Rev 7:17 | Ps 23:1 Who is the Shepherd? Lamb and Lord (Lesson 4)
- [28E] Rev 11:18 | Ps 115:13 Reward are promised to both the small and the? Great (Lesson 25)
- [28F] Rev 13:8 | Ps 69:28 Who will worship Him? Everyone (Lesson 17)
- [28G] Rev 17:8 | Ps 69:28 Who will wonder at the beast? Those not written in the book (Lesson 17)
- [28H] Rev 19:15 | Rev 12:5 | Rev 2:25-28 | Ps 2:7-9 He will rule with a rod of what? Iron (Lesson 2)
- [28I] Rev 20:12-15 | Ps 69:28 What happens to people whose name is not in the book of life?
Thrown into the lake of fire (Lesson 17)
- [28J] Rev 20:25-27 | Ps 69:28 Who will enter heaven's gate? Those in the Lamb's book of life (Lesson 17)
- [28K] Rev 22:1 & 17 | Ps 78:16 & 20 What is the source of living water? God's authority (Lesson 19)
- [28L] Rev 22:14 | Ps 118:19-21 Who enters? The righteous (Lesson 27)
- [28M] What am I looking forward to most in heaven? Knowing the truth. Why? I love the truth. Every bad relationship I have is because someone is believing a lie about something, either me, them, or both of us. In the light of the truth there will be nothing left but love.

Notes from class discussion:

For further thought:

- (28n) Ps 2:12 | Ps 76:7 | Rev 6:16-17 | Rev 20:11 When the Day comes will you worship or wilt? Why?
- (28o) Ps 12:3 | Rev 13:5 Do you ever use flattery to influence others? Why or why not?
- (28p) Ps 33:3 | Rev 5:9 If you were to write a new worship song, what would be the title and why?
- (28q) Ps 73:9 | Rev 13:6 Do you complain about your circumstances? Who gave them to you?
- (28r) Ps 82:8 | Rev 11:15 Do you pray for the end of time to come soon? Why or why not?
- (28s) Ps 96:13 | Ps 62:11 | Ps 146:6 | Ps 115:15 | Rv 14:7 | Rv 19:1
When you worship, what is on your mind?
- (28t) Ps 137:8 | Ps 28:4 | Ps 10:6 | Rev 18:6-7 Satan is doomed. How do you feel about that?
- (28u) Ps 141:2 | Rev 5:8 | Rev 8:3-4 Is incense ever part of your worship? Why or why not?
- (28v) What verse or passage from this lesson would be best to memorize? Why?

Road to Emmaus - The Harmony of the Old and New Testament – Psalms

Lesson 29 – Poetry in Psalm 119

Psalm 119 is made up of 22 stanzas for each of the letters in the Hebrew alphabet. In the Hebrew the 8 verses of each stanza began with that letter. Almost every verse says something about God's word calling it by many different things -- your commandments, the word of truth, your statutes, your precepts, righteous ordinances, your word, your law, the commandments of my God, etc.

For each letter in the alphabet write something about God's Word:

A

B

C

D

E

F

G

H

I

J

K

L

M

N

O

P

Q

R

S

T

U

V

W

X

Y

Z

Possible ideas:

All Scripture is the inspired, inerrant, Word of God.

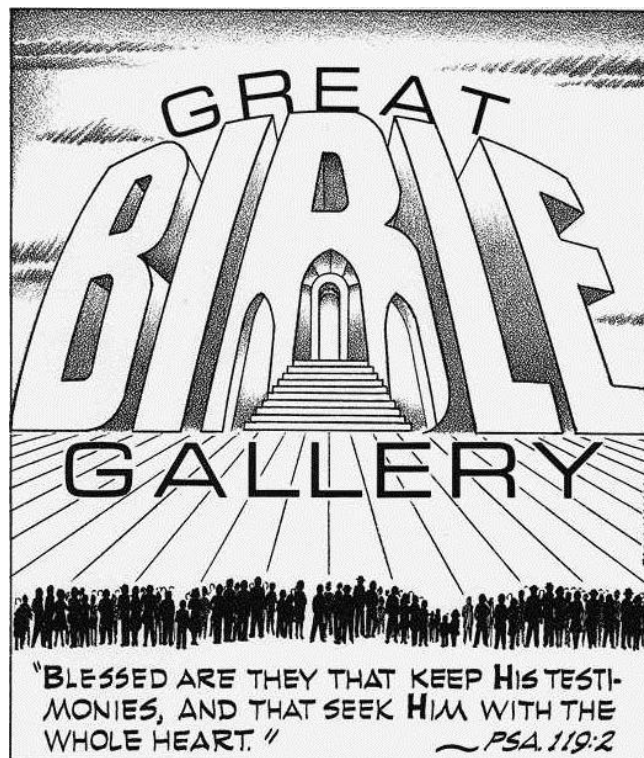
Bible reading should be a daily habit.

Come, Holy Spirit, please fill me with understanding of Your Word.

Divine revelation is the only way to know the truth that matters.

Lesson 29 – Poetry in Psalm 119

At midnight I shall rise to give thanks to You Because of *Your righteous ordinances*. -- Ps 119:62
 Before I was afflicted I went astray, But now I keep *Your word*. -- Ps 119:67
 Consider how I love *Your precepts*; Revive me, O Lord,. -- Ps 119:159
 Deal bountifully with Your servant, That I may live and keep *Your word*. -- Ps 119:17
 Establish my footsteps in *Your word*, And do not let any iniquity have dominion over me. -- Ps 119:133
 Forever, O Lord, *Your word* is settled in heaven. -- Ps 119:89
 Give me understanding, that I may observe *Your law* And keep it with all my heart. -- Ps 119:34
 How sweet are *Your words* to my taste! Yes, sweeter than honey to my mouth! -- Ps 119:103
 If *Your law* had not been my delight, Then I would have perished in my affliction. -- Ps 119:92
 Jesus Christ is the *Word of God* (suggested by John 1:1-5)
 Keep me in "... understanding according to *Your word*." -- Ps 119:169
 Let my lips utter praise, For You teach me *Your statutes*. -- Ps 119:171
 Make me walk in the path of *Your commandments*, For I delight in it. -- Ps 119:35
 No, I will "... not turn aside from *Your testimonies*." -- Ps 119:157
 Open my eyes, that I may behold Wonderful things from *Your law*. -- Ps 119:18
 Plead my cause and redeem me; Revive me according to *Your word*. -- Ps 119:154
 Quick to hear *God's word*; that is what I want to be. (Suggested by James 1:19)
 Righteous are You, O Lord, And upright are *Your judgments*. -- Ps 119:137
 Sustain me according to *Your word*, that I may live. -- Ps 119:116
 Teach me good discernment and knowledge, For I believe in *Your commandments*. -- Ps 119:66
 Uphold me that I may be safe, That I may have regard for *Your statutes* continually. -- Ps 119:117
Voice of the Lord, please be my guide, that I might live. (Suggested by Deuteronomy 5:25)
 With all my heart I have sought You; Do not let me wander from *Your commandments*. -- Ps 119:10
 Xmas = Cross mas = Christmas because Our Lord, the *Word of God*, hung on the cross in our place
 You are my hiding place and my shield; I wait for *Your word*. -- Ps 119:114
 "... Zeal has consumed me, Because my adversaries have forgotten *Your words*." -- Ps 119:139



Lesson 30 – Praying the Scripture and Conclusion

[30A] Pick out a scripture from Psalms and reword it into a prayer. Try to include a passage from the New Testament, if possible. Passage Reference[s]: _____

Your Prayer: _____

You may or may not want to share your prayer with the group. If you need an example what we did with Psalm 139:1-24, Romans 8:26-27; Acts 15:8-9; Hebrews 4:13 & Romans 11:33 is on the next page.

[30B] What did you learn from this course on Psalms that you hope you will remember?
Think & Pray _____

[30C] Is there a verse or passage from Psalms that you might want to memorize? Why?

[30D] If someone asked you what Psalms is about, what would you say?

Lesson 30– Praying the Scripture and Conclusion

[30A] Psalm 139:1-24, Romans 8:26-27; Acts 15:8-9; Hebrews 4:13 & Romans 11:33

Our prayer: Lord, You have searched me and know everything about me. You know when I stop and when I go. You know my thoughts and my future path. You are intimately acquainted with all my ways. You know what I am going to say before I say it. The depth and riches of Your wisdom and knowledge, God, is amazing! It is too wonderful!

I can not hide from You. My sins are in Your site. No creature is hidden from Your sight. All things are open and laid bare to Your eyes. Darkness and light are all the same to You, the night as bright as the day.

You know me better than I know myself. You made me and know every detail of my body, soul and spirit. You know whatever good might be found in me is only what You have put there. I hate Your enemies, Lord. Please help me not to be Your enemy.

Cleanse my hear with your precious blood. Humble my arrogance. Protect my mouth from speaking lies. Replace my fear with faith. Let Your Holy Spirit pray on my behalf, that whatever hurtful ways that are in me will be replaced by the Holy Spirit so that I might be conformed to the image of Your Son, Jesus Christ.

In Your Name, Amen.

[30B-D] Notes on classroom discussion about Psalms:

"And I will walk at liberty, for I seek Your precepts." -- Psalm 119:45